

Daniel Institute Children Bible School

THE NEW TESTAMENT

INTRODUCTION

The Bible has two main parts. The first part is called the Old Testament. The second part is the New Testament. The New Testament contains 27 books. It begins with Matthew and ends with Revelation. These books were written by eight men. These men wrote what God told them to write. The New Testament books were written in the Greek language. Later the New Testament books were translated into other languages. The New Testament is divided into 4 major sections. These sections are: The Gospels, History, Epistles, and Prophecy.

The Gospels

The first 4 books of the New Testament (Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John) are called the Gospels. The word "Gospel" means "good news." These books tell us the good news of the coming of Christ to save man from his sins. These books also tell us of the birth, life, teachings, death, burial, and resurrection of Christ. The authors of the Gospels are the same as the title of each book.

History

The book of history in the New Testament is Acts of the Apostles. It is often called the book of ACTS. This book was written by Luke. It tells of the beginning of Christ's church in Acts, chapter 2. Throughout the rest of the book, it tells how the church spread throughout the world. Acts tells many things that Peter and Paul did. The book of Acts also tells and shows us how people became Christians. Acts is often called the book of conversions. This is because it has so many examples of people being converted to Christ. The following verses are examples of how people became Christians. You should study them carefully.

- A. Acts 2:36-38, 41, 42, 47 People on day of Pentecost
- B. Acts 8:1-13 People of Samaria
- C. Acts 8:26-39 Ethiopian Eunuch
- D. Acts 9:1-19; Acts 22:1-16 Saul of Tarsus, who became the apostle Paul
- E. Acts 10:1-48 Cornelius
- F. Acts 16:25-34 Philippian jailer

The Epistles

The word "epistle" means "letter." There are 21 epistles in the New Testament. The epistles of the New Testament can be divided into 2 groups: the Epistles of Paul and the General Epistles. The apostle Paul wrote at least 13 of the 21 epistles. They are: Romans, 1 and 2 Corinthians,

Galatians, Ephesians, Philippians, Colossians, 1 and 2 Thessalonians, 1 and 2 Timothy, Titus, and Philemon. Some believe Paul also wrote Hebrews. Some of Paul's epistles were written to individual persons and some to certain churches. Here is a brief summary of each one of the epistles:

Romans: Chapters 1-11 show that we are saved by faith. Chapter 12- 16 are given to encourage the Romans to live the Christian life.

1 and 2 Corinthians: These books were written to the church at Corinth. Paul started this church. First Corinthians tells of the many problems the church had. Paul tells them to correct them. Second Corinthians shows that some of these problems had been overcome.

Galatians: This letter shows that Christians do not live under the law of Moses.

Ephesians, Philippians, and Colossians: These letters were written while Paul was in prison at Rome. The letters tell us that unity should be among Christians and that Christ is above and overall.

1 and 2 Thessalonians: These letters deal with the second coming of Christ. Some Christians had stopped working. They thought that Christ was to come again very soon. Paul told them this was not true.

1 and 2 Timothy and Titus: Timothy and Titus were two young preachers. They had been helping churches that Paul had established. He gave them much advice.

Philemon: Philemon was a Christian. He had a slave by the name of Onesimus. Onesimus ran away from Philemon. Paul met Onesimus and converted him. Paul then wrote a letter to Philemon asking him to take Onesimus back as a brother in Christ.

Hebrews: This epistle shows clearly the greatness of Christ's law over the law of Moses.

James; 1 and 2 Peter; 1, 2, and 3 John; Jude: These books are called the General Epistles. Each book is named after its author. Here is a brief summary of each book:

James: He was a brother of Christ. The book was written to Jews who had become Christians. One of its main teachings is that faith without works is dead.

1 Peter: This book was written to encourage those who were being persecuted (harmed). It shows that it is good to suffer for Christ.

2 Peter: Warning is given against false teachers. It also teaches concerning the second coming of Christ.

1, 2, and 3 John: First John is mostly about love. Second John is the shortest book in the Bible. It is written to "the elect lady." Third John is written to Gaius. John praises Gaius for his love for the Lord. Gaius is warned against Diotrophes.

Jude: False teachers had come into the church. Jude wrote in order to encourage Christians to fight for the faith once for all revealed to God's people. Jude teaches us that we must oppose error, even within the Lord's church.

Prophecy

The book of Revelation is a book of prophecy. It was written by John. It tells us about the things that must shortly take place. Revelation is written in symbolic language. Most of Revelation should not be interpreted as it is stated. A person must understand what the symbols mean. Only then can he interpret it properly. Also, many of the things mentioned are yet to happen.

Daniel Institute
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COURSE NAME: JESUS CHRIST, THE SAVIOUR

ABOUT YOU

Name: _____

Date Applying: _____

Email: _____

House Address GPS: _____

City: _____

Country: _____

Age: _____

Gender: Male or Female: _____

Name of Church attending: _____

Name of Supervising Parent: _____

Relationship to supervisor: Father/Mother/Other _____

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COURSE NAME: THE NEW TESTAMENT

ABOUT YOU

1. The New Testament contains _____ books.

2. The book of Acts tells us and shows us how people became _____
3. _____ was written in symbolic language.
4. The word "epistle" means _____
5. The 4 sections of the New Testament are _____

6. The book of _____ shows that we are saved by faith.
7. The word "Gospel" means _____
8. _____ and _____ were two young preachers to whom Paul wrote.
9. The New Testament begins with the book of _____ and ends with the book of _____.
10. The apostle Paul wrote at least _____ of the 21 epistles.
11. 15 men wrote the New Testament. True or False? _____
12. The first New Testament was written in English. True or False? _____
13. Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John are called the Gospels. True or False?

14. The book of history in the New Testament is Acts of the Apostles. True or False?

15. Acts is often called the book of conversions. True or False? _____
16. There are 21 epistles in the New Testament. True or False? _____
17. The book of Galatians was written while Paul was in prison. True or False?

18. 2 Peter gives much warning about false teachers. True or False? _____

19. The book of Revelation is a book of prophecy. True or False? _____

20. Many of the things mentioned in Revelation are yet to happen. True or False? _____